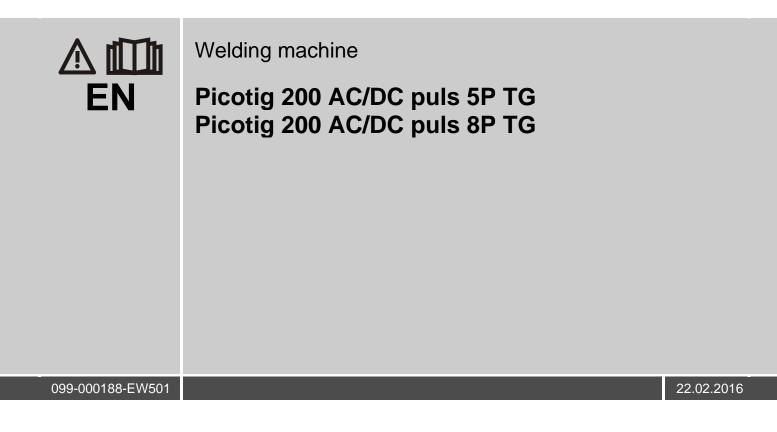
Operating instructions







www.ewm-group.com

General instructions

CAUTION

Read the operating instructions!

The operating instructions provide an introduction to the safe use of the products.

- Read the operating instructions for all system components!
- Observe accident prevention regulations!
- Observe all local regulations!
- · Confirm with a signature where appropriate.

F In the event of queries on installation, commissioning, operation or special conditions at the installation site, or on usage, please contact your sales partner or our customer service department on +49 2680 181-0.

A list of authorised sales partners can be found at www.ewm-group.com.

Liability relating to the operation of this equipment is restricted solely to the function of the equipment. No other form of liability, regardless of type, shall be accepted. This exclusion of liability shall be deemed accepted by the user on commissioning the equipment.

The manufacturer is unable to monitor whether or not these instructions or the conditions and methods are observed during installation, operation, usage and maintenance of the equipment. An incorrectly performed installation can result in material damage and injure persons as a result. For this reason, we do not accept any responsibility or liability for losses, damages or costs arising from incorrect installation, improper operation or incorrect usage and maintenance or any actions connected to this in any way.

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The content of this document has been prepared and reviewed with all reasonable care. The information provided is subject to change, errors excepted.



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2 Safety instructions

2.1 Notes on the use of these operating instructions

🔥 DANGER

Working or operating procedures which must be closely observed to prevent imminent serious and even fatal injuries.

- Safety notes include the "DANGER" keyword in the heading with a general warning symbol.
- The hazard is also highlighted using a symbol on the edge of the page.

Working or operating procedures which must be closely observed to prevent serious and even fatal injuries.

- Safety notes include the "WARNING" keyword in the heading with a general warning symbol.
- The hazard is also highlighted using a symbol in the page margin.

Working or operating procedures which must be closely observed to prevent possible minor personal injury.

- The safety information includes the "CAUTION" keyword in its heading with a general warning symbol.
- The risk is explained using a symbol on the edge of the page.

CAUTION

Working and operating procedures which must be followed precisely to avoid damaging or destroying the product.

- The safety information includes the "CAUTION" keyword in its heading without a general warning symbol.
- The hazard is explained using a symbol at the edge of the page.

Special technical points which users must observe.

Instructions and lists detailing step-by-step actions for given situations can be recognised via bullet points, e.g.:

• Insert the welding current lead socket into the relevant socket and lock.



Explanation of icons 2.2

Symbol	Description
R	Special technical points which users must observe.
	Correct
Ð	Wrong
PA	Press
	Do not press
J.P.S	Press and keep pressed
	Turn
	Switch
	Switch off machine
	Switch on machine
ENTER	enter the menu
NAVIGATION	Navigating in the menu
EXIT	Exit the menu
4 s	Time display (example: wait 4s/press)
	Interruption in the menu display (other setting options possible)
X	Tool not required/do not use
	Tool required/use



2.3 General



Electromagnetic fields!

The power source may cause electrical or electromagnetic fields to be produced which could affect the correct functioning of electronic equipment such as IT or CNC devices, telecommunication lines, power cables, signal lines and pacemakers.

- · Observe the maintenance instructions See 6 Maintenance, care and disposal chapter!
- Unwind welding leads completely!
- Shield devices or equipment sensitive to radiation accordingly!
- The correct functioning of pacemakers may be affected (obtain advice from a doctor if necessary).



Do not carry out any unauthorised repairs or modifications!

To avoid injury and equipment damage, the unit must only be repaired or modified by specialist, skilled persons!

The warranty becomes null and void in the event of unauthorised interference.

Appoint only skilled persons for repair work (trained service personnel)!



Electric shock!

Welding machines use high voltages which can result in potentially fatal electric shocks and burns on contact. Even low voltages can cause you to get a shock and lead to accidents.

- Do not touch any live parts in or on the machine!
- Connection cables and leads must be free of faults!
- Switching off alone is not sufficient!
- · Place welding torch and stick electrode holder on an insulated surface!
- The unit should only be opened by specialist staff after the mains plug has been unplugged!
- Only wear dry protective clothing!
- Wait for 4 minutes until the capacitors have discharged!

WARNING



Risk of injury due to radiation or heat!

Arc radiation results in injury to skin and eyes.

Contact with hot workpieces and sparks results in burns.

- Use welding shield or welding helmet with the appropriate safety level (depending on the application)!
- Wear dry protective clothing (e.g. welding shield, gloves, etc.) according to the relevant regulations in the country in question!
- Protect persons not involved in the work against arc beams and the risk of glare using safety curtains!

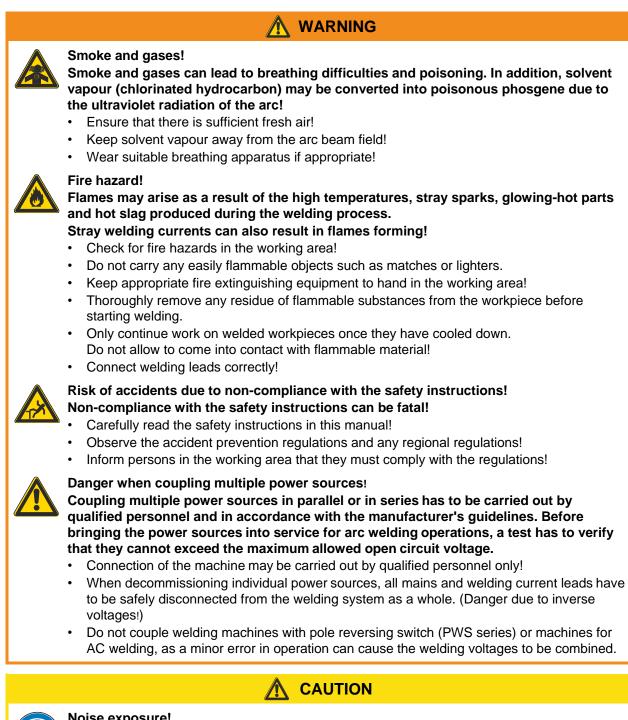
Explosion risk!

Apparently harmless substances in closed containers may generate excessive pressure when heated.

- Move containers with inflammable or explosive liquids away from the working area!
- Never heat explosive liquids, dusts or gases by welding or cutting!

General





Noise exposure!

Noise exceeding 70 dBA can cause permanent hearing damage!

- Wear suitable ear protection!
- Persons located within the working area must wear suitable ear protection!



CAUTION



Obligations of the operator!

The respective national directives and laws must be observed for operation of the machine!

- National implementation of the framework directive (89/391/EWG), as well as the associated individual directives.
- In particular, directive (89/655/EWG), on the minimum regulations for safety and health protection when staff members use equipment during work.
- The regulations regarding work safety and accident prevention for the respective country.
- Setting up and operating the machine according to IEC 60974-9.
- Check at regular intervals that users are working in a safety-conscious way.
- Regular checks of the machine according to IEC 60974-4.



Damage due to the use of non-genuine parts!

The manufacturer's warranty becomes void if non-genuine parts are used!

- Only use system components and options (power sources, welding torches, electrode holders, remote controls, spare parts and replacement parts, etc.) from our range of products!
- Only insert and lock accessory components into the relevant connection socket when the machine is switched off.

Damage to the machine due to stray welding currents!

Stray welding currents can destroy protective earth conductors, damage equipment and electronic devices and cause overheating of components leading to fire.

- Make sure all welding leads are securely connected and check regularly.
- Always ensure a proper and secure electrical connection to the workpiece!
- Set up, attach or suspend all conductive power source components like casing, transport vehicle and crane frames so they are insulated!
- Do not place any other electronic devices such as drillers or angle grinders, etc., on the power source, transport vehicle or crane frames unless they are insulated!
- Always put welding torches and electrode holders on an insulated surface when they are not in use!



Mains connection

Requirements for connection to the public mains network

High-performance machines can influence the mains quality by taking current from the mains network. For some types of machines, connection restrictions or requirements relating to the maximum possible line impedance or the necessary minimum supply capacity at the interface with the public network (Point of Common Coupling, PCC) can therefore apply. In this respect, attention is also drawn to the machines' technical data. In this case, it is the responsibility of the operator, where necessary in consultation with the mains network operator, to ensure that the machine can be connected.



CAUTION

EMC Machine Classification

In accordance with IEC 60974-10, welding machines are grouped in two electromagnetic compatibility classes - See 8 Technical data chapter:

Class A machines are not intended for use in residential areas where the power supply comes from the low-voltage public mains network. When ensuring the electromagnetic compatibility of class A machines, difficulties can arise in these areas due to interference not only in the supply lines but also in the form of radiated interference.

Class B machines fulfil the EMC requirements in industrial as well as residential areas, including residential areas connected to the low-voltage public mains network.

Setting up and operating

When operating arc welding systems, in some cases, electro-magnetic interference can occur although all of the welding machines comply with the emission limits specified in the standard. The user is responsible for any interference caused by welding.

In order to **evaluate** any possible problems with electromagnetic compatibility in the surrounding area, the user must consider the following: (see also EN 60974-10 Appendix A)

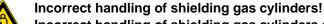
- Mains, control, signal and telecommunication lines
- Radios and televisions
- · Computers and other control systems
- Safety equipment
- The health of neighbouring persons, especially if they have a pacemaker or wear a hearing aid
- Calibration and measuring equipment
- The immunity to interference of other equipment in the surrounding area
- The time of day at which the welding work must be carried out

Recommendations for reducing interference emission

- Mains connection, e.g. additional mains filter or shielding with a metal tube
- · Maintenance of the arc welding equipment
- · Welding leads should be as short as possible and run closely together along the ground
- Potential equalization
- Earthing of the workpiece. In cases where it is not possible to earth the workpiece directly, it should be connected by means of suitable capacitors.
- · Shielding from other equipment in the surrounding area or the entire welding system



2.4 Transport and installation



Incorrect handling of shielding gas cylinders can result in serious and even fatal injury.

- Observe the instructions from the gas manufacturer and in any relevant regulations concerning the use of compressed air!
- Place shielding gas cylinders in the holders provided for them and secure with fixing devices.
- Avoid heating the shielding gas cylinder!



Risk of accident due to improper transport of machines that may not be lifted! Do not lift or suspend the machine! The machine can fall down and cause injuries! The handles and brackets are suitable for transport by hand only!

• The machine may not be lifted by crane or suspended!



Risk of tipping!

There is a risk of the machine tipping over and injuring persons or being damaged itself during movement and set up. Tilt resistance is guaranteed up to an angle of 10° (according to IEC 60974-1).

- Set up and transport the machine on level, solid ground.
- · Secure add-on parts using suitable equipment.



Damage due to supply lines not being disconnected!

During transport, supply lines which have not been disconnected (mains supply leads, control leads, etc.) may cause hazards such as connected equipment tipping over and injuring persons!

• Disconnect supply lines!

CAUTION



Equipment damage when not operated in an upright position! The units are designed for operation in an upright position! Operation in non-permissible positions can cause equipment damage.

• Only transport and operate in an upright position!

Transport and installation



2.4.1 Ambient conditions



Installation site!

The machine must not be operated in the open air and must only be set up and operated on a suitable, stable and level base!

- The operator must ensure that the ground is non-slip and level, and provide sufficient lighting for the place of work.
- Safe operation of the machine must be guaranteed at all times.

CAUTION



Equipment damage due to dirt accumulation! Unusually high quantities of dust, acid, corrosive gases or substances may damage the equipment.

- · Avoid high volumes of smoke, vapour, oil vapour and grinding dust!
- Avoid ambient air containing salt (sea air)!



Non-permissible ambient conditions!

Insufficient ventilation results in a reduction in performance and equipment damage.

- Observe the ambient conditions!
- Keep the cooling air inlet and outlet clear!
- Observe the minimum distance of 0.5 m from obstacles!

2.4.1.1 In operation

Temperature range of the ambient air:

-25 °C to +40 °C

Relative air humidity:

- Up to 50% at 40 °C
- Up to 90% at 20 °C

2.4.1.2 Transport and storage

Storage in an enclosed space, temperature range of the ambient air:

• -30 °C to +70 °C

Relative air humidity

• Up to 90% at 20 °C



3 Intended use

WARNING



٠

Hazards due to improper usage! Hazards may arise for persons, animals and material objects if the equipment is not used correctly. No liability is accepted for any damages arising from improper usage!

- The equipment must only be used in line with proper usage and by trained or expert staff!
- Do not modify or convert the equipment improperly!

Arc welding machine for TIG DC and AC welding with lift arc (touch starting) or HF ignition (contactless) and MMA welding as secondary process. It may be possible to expand the functionality by using accessories (see the documentation in the relevant chapter).

3.1 Documents which also apply

3.1.1 Warranty

For more information refer to the "Warranty registration" brochure supplied and our information regarding warranty, maintenance and testing at www.ewm-group.com!

3.1.2 Declaration of Conformity

The designated machine conforms to EC Directives and standards in terms of its design and construction:

- EC Low Voltage Directive (2006/95/EC),
 - EC EMC Directive (2004/108/EC),

This declaration shall become null and void in the event of unauthorised modifications, improperly conducted repairs, non-observance of the deadlines for the repetition test and / or non-permitted conversion work not specifically authorised by the manufacturer.

The original copy of the declaration of conformity is enclosed with the unit.

3.1.3 Welding in environments with increased electrical hazards



In compliance with IEC / DIN EN 60974, VDE 0544 the machines can be used in environments with an increased electrical hazard.

- 3.1.4 Service documents (spare parts and circuit diagrams)
 - 🚹 DANGER



Do not carry out any unauthorised repairs or modifications!

To avoid injury and equipment damage, the unit must only be repaired or modified by specialist, skilled persons!

The warranty becomes null and void in the event of unauthorised interference.

Appoint only skilled persons for repair work (trained service personnel)!

Original copies of the circuit diagrams are enclosed with the unit.

Spare parts can be obtained from the relevant authorised dealer.

3.1.5 Calibration/Validation

We hereby confirm that this machine has been tested using calibrated measuring equipment, as stipulated in IEC/EN 60974, ISO/EN 17662, EN 50504, and complies with the admissible tolerances. Recommended calibration interval: 12 months



4 Machine description – quick overview

4.1 Front view

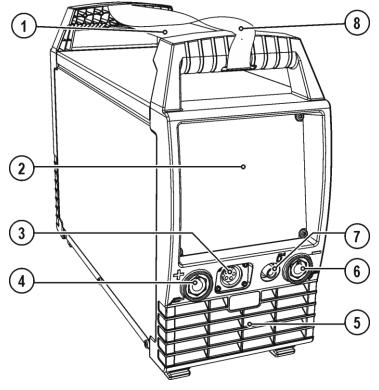


Figure 4-1

ltem	Symbol	Description		
1		Carrying handle		
2		Machine control- See 4.3 Machine control – Operating elements chapter		
3		Connection socket, 5-pole/8-pole/12-pole (depending on variant)5-pole:Standard TIG torch control lead8-pole:TIG Up/Down or potentiometer torch control lead12-pole:Control lead for TIG up/down torch with display		
4	+	 Connection socket, "+" welding current TIG: Connection for workpiece lead MMA: Electrode holder or workpiece lead connection 		
5		Cooling air inlet		
6	<i>₽</i> =	 Connection socket, "-" welding current TIG: TIG welding torch connection MMA: Electrode holder or workpiece lead connection 		
7	₽	G ¹ ⁄4 " connecting nipple, "-" welding current Shielding gas connection (with yellow insulating cap) for TIG welding torch		
8		Carrying strap - See 5.3.1 Adjusting the length of the carrying strap chapter		



4.2 Rear view

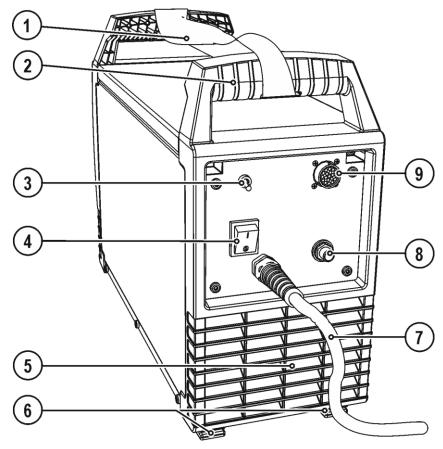


Figure 4-2

Item	Symbol	Description	
1		Carrying strap - See 5.3.1 Adjusting the length of the carrying strap chapter	
2		Carrying handle	
3	×	Ignition type changeover switch- See 5.8.5 Arc ignition chapter	
	$\langle \Theta \rangle$	K = Liftarc (contact ignition)	
	HF	HF = HF ignition	
4	- 0	Main switch, machine on/off	
5		Cooling air outlet	
6		Machine feet	
7		Mains connection cable	
		- See 5.5 Mains connection chapter	
8	₽	G¼" connecting nipple	
		Shielding gas connection on the pressure regulator.	
9		Connection socket, 19-pole	
		Remote control connection	

Machine description – quick overview Machine control – Operating elements

4.3 Machine control – Operating elements

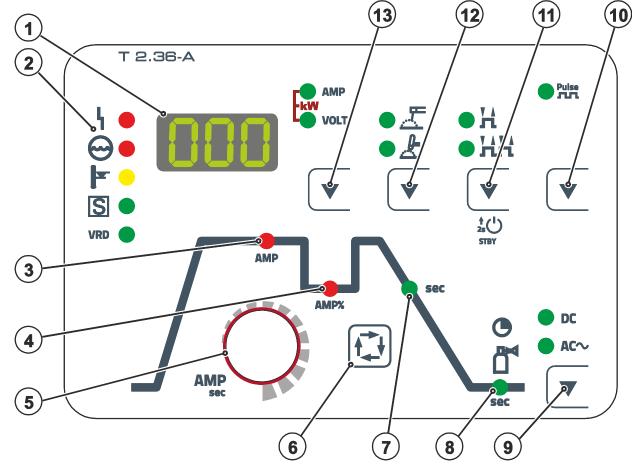


Figure 4-3

ltem	Symbol	Description
1	000	Welding data display (3-digit) Displays the welding parameters and the corresponding values- See 5.7 Welding data display chapter
2	ነ 🔴	Error/status displays
	Θ	1 Collective interference signal light
		e Water deficiency signal light (welding torch cooling)
	-	Excess temperature signal light
	S 🔵	S S sign signal light
	VRD	VRD voltage reduction device (VRD)
3	AMP	Main current signal light
		Imin to Imax (1 A increments)
4	AMP%	Secondary current (TIG)
		Setting range 1 % to 100 % (1 % increments). Percentage of the main current.
5	A REAL	Welding parameter setting rotary dial
		Setting currents, times and parameters.
6	(†	Select welding parameters button
	[↑ _+]	This button is used to select the welding parameters depending on the welding process
)	and operating mode used.
7	sec	Down-slope time (TIG)
		The down-slope time can be set separately for non-latched and latched. Setting range 0.00 s to 20.0 s (0.1 s increments).





Machine description – quick overview Machine control – Operating elements

ltem	Symbol	Description
8	sec	Gas post-flow time (TIG)
		Setting ranges: 0.1 s to 20.0 s (0.1 s increments).
9 Welding current potential push-button		Welding current potential push-button
		DC DC welding with negative polarity at the torch (or electrode holder) with respect to the workpiece.
		AC~ AC welding (alternating current waveform can be set)
10		Pulse welding push-button (average value pulses)
11		Operating mode/power-saving mode push-button
		H Non-latched
		Latched
		Press for 2 s to put the machine into power-saving mode. To reactivate, activate one of the operating elements.
12		Welding procedure push-button
		岙 MMA welding
		Let TIG welding
13		Display switching push-button
		AMP Welding current display
		kW Welding performance display (both signal lights are illuminated)
		VOLT Welding voltage display

General



5 Design and function

5.1 General



Risk of injury from electric shock!

- Contact with live parts, e.g. welding current sockets, is potentially fatal!
- Follow safety instructions on the opening pages of the operating instructions.
- Commissioning may only be carried out by persons who have the relevant expertise of working with arc welding machines!
- Connection and welding leads (e.g. electrode holder, welding torch, workpiece lead, interfaces) may only be connected when the machine is switched off!



Not all active parts of the welding current circuit can be shielded from direct contact. To avoid any associated risks it is vital for the welder to adhere to the relevant safety regulations. Even low voltages can cause a shock and lead to accidents.

- Wear dry and undamaged protective clothing (shoes with rubber soles/welder's gloves made from leather without any studs or braces)!
- Avoid direct contact with non-insulated connection sockets or connectors!
- Always place torches and electrode holders on an insulated surface!



Risk of burns on the welding current connection!

Insulate the arc welder from welding voltage!

If the welding current connections are not locked, connections and leads heat up and can cause burns, if touched!

• Check the welding current connections every day and lock by turning in clockwise direction, if necessary.



Risk from electrical current!

If welding is carried out alternately using different methods and if a welding torch and an electrode holder remain connected to the machine, the open-circuit/welding voltage is applied simultaneously on all cables.

• The torch and the electrode holder should therefore always be placed on an insulated surface before starting work and during breaks.

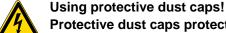
CAUTION



Damage due to incorrect connection!

Accessory components and the power source itself can be damaged by incorrect connection!

- Only insert and lock accessory components into the relevant connection socket when the machine is switched off.
- Comprehensive descriptions can be found in the operating instructions for the relevant accessory components.
- Accessory components are detected automatically after the power source is switched on.



Protective dust caps protect the connection sockets and therefore the machine against dirt and damage.

- The protective dust cap must be fitted if there is no accessory component being operated on that connection.
- The cap must be replaced if faulty or if lost!



Workpiece lead, general

5.2 Workpiece lead, general

Risk of burns due to incorrect connection of the workpiece lead! Paint, rust and dirt on the connection restrict the power flow and may lead to stray welding currents.

Stray welding currents may cause fires and injuries!

- Clean the connections!
- Fix the workpiece lead securely!
- Do not use structural parts of the workpiece as a return lead for the welding current!
- Take care to ensure faultless power connections!

Transport and installation



5.3 Transport and installation

Risk of accident due to improper transport of machines that may not be lifted! Do not lift or suspend the machine! The machine can fall down and cause injuries! The handles and brackets are suitable for transport by hand only!

• The machine may not be lifted by crane or suspended!





Installation site!

The machine must not be operated in the open air and must only be set up and operated on a suitable, stable and level base!

- The operator must ensure that the ground is non-slip and level, and provide sufficient lighting for the place of work.
- Safe operation of the machine must be guaranteed at all times.

5.3.1 Adjusting the length of the carrying strap

To demonstrate adjustment, lengthening the strap is shown in the figure. To shorten, the strap's loops must be inched in the opposite direction.

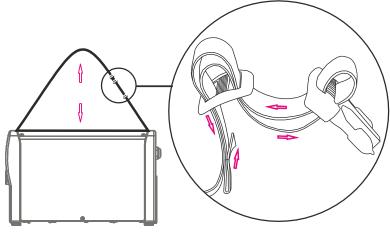


Figure 5-1

5.4 Machine cooling

To obtain an optimal duty cycle from the power components, the following precautions should be observed:

- Ensure that the working area is adequately ventilated.
- Do not obstruct the air inlets and outlets of the machine.
- Do not allow metal parts, dust or other objects to get into the machine.



5.5 Mains connection

🔥 DANGER

Hazard caused by improper mains connection!

An improper mains connection can cause injuries or damage property!

- Only use machine with a plug socket that has a correctly fitted protective conductor.
 - If a mains plug must be fitted, this may only be carried out by an electrician in accordance with the relevant national provisions or regulations!
 - Mains plug, socket and lead must be checked regularly by an electrician!
 - When operating the generator always ensure it is earthed as stated in the operating instructions. The resulting network has to be suitable for operating devices according to protection class 1.

5.5.1 Mains configuration

The machine may only be connected to a one-phase system with two conductors and an earthed neutral conductor.

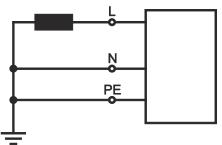


Figure 5-2

		Colour code	
L	Outer conductor	brown	
N	Neutral conductor	blue	
PE	Protective conductor	green-yellow	



Operating voltage - mains voltage!

The operating voltage shown on the rating plate must be consistent with the mains voltage, in order to avoid damage to the machine!

See 8 Technical data chapter!

· Insert mains plug of the switched-off machine into the appropriate socket.



5.6 Notes on the installation of welding current leads

- Incorrectly installed welding current leads can cause faults in the arc (flickering).
- Lay the workpiece lead and hose package of power sources without HF igniter (MIG/MAG) for as long and as close as possible in parallel.
- Lay the workpiece lead and hose package of power sources with HF igniter (TIG) for as long as possible in parallel with a distance of 20 cm to avoid HF sparkover.
- Always keep a distance of at least 20 cm to leads of other power sources to avoid interferences
- Always keep leads as short as possible! For optimum welding results max. 30 m (welding lead + intermediate hose package + torch lead).

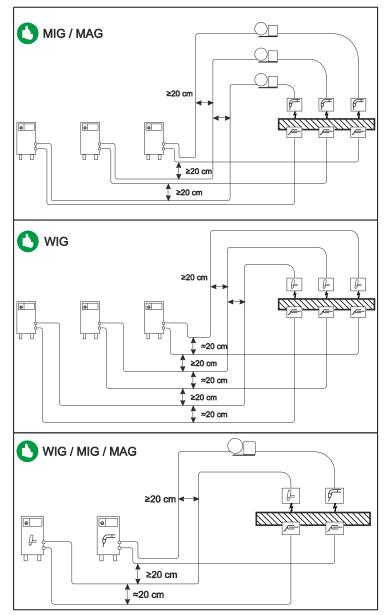


Figure 5-3



Use an individual welding lead to the workpiece for each welding machine!

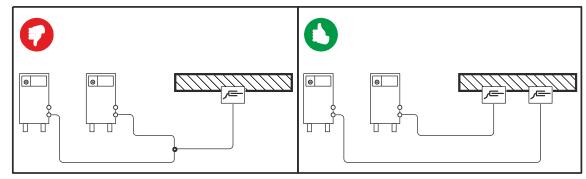


Figure 5-4

- Fully unroll welding current leads, torch hose packages and intermediate hose packages. Avoid loops!
- Always keep leads as short as possible!
- Lay any excess cable lengths in meanders.

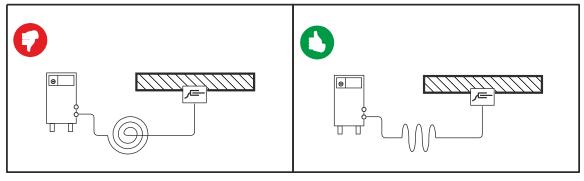
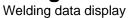


Figure 5-5





5.7 Welding data display

The following welding parameters can be displayed before (nominal values), during (actual values) or after welding (hold values):

Parameter	Nominal values	Actual values	Hold values
Welding current	Ø	Ø	
Welding voltage		Ø	Ø
Welding power		Ø	R

When the hold values are displayed after welding and the settings are then changed (e.g. welding current), the display will switch to the relevant nominal values.

□ not possible ☑ possible



5.8 TIG welding

- 5.8.1 Welding torch and workpiece line connection
 - Prepare welding torch according to the welding task in hand (see operating instructions for the torch).

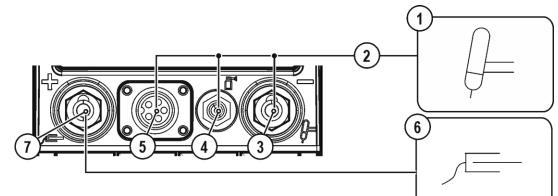


Figure 5-6

Item	Symbol	Description		
1		Welding torch		
2		Welding torch hose package		
3		Connection socket, "-" welding current Welding current lead connection for TIG welding torch		
4	₽	G¼" connecting nipple TIG welding torch shielding gas connection		
5	(1) ⁵	Connection socket, 5-pole/8-pole/12-pole (depending on variant)5-pole:Standard TIG torch control lead		
		8-pole: TIG Up/Down or potentiometer torch control lead		
		12-pole: Control lead for TIG up/down torch with display		
6		Workpiece		
7	╺╉╍	Connection socket for "+" welding current Workpiece lead connection		

- Insert the welding current plug on the welding torch into the welding current connection socket and lock by turning to the right.
- Remove yellow protective cap on G¼ connecting nipple.
- Screw welding torch shielding gas connection tightly onto the G¼" connection nipple.
- Insert the welding torch control lead plug into the connection socket for the welding torch control lead (5-pole with standard torch, 8-pole with up/down or potentiometer torch and 12-pole with up/down torch with LED display) and tighten.
- Insert the cable plug on the work piece lead into the "+" welding current connection socket and lock by turning to the right.

If fitted:

 Lock connecting nipples of the cooling water tubes into the corresponding quick connect couplings: Return line red to quick connect coupling, red (coolant return) and supply line blue to quick connect coupling, blue (coolant supply).



5.8.1.1 Torch connection options and pin assignments

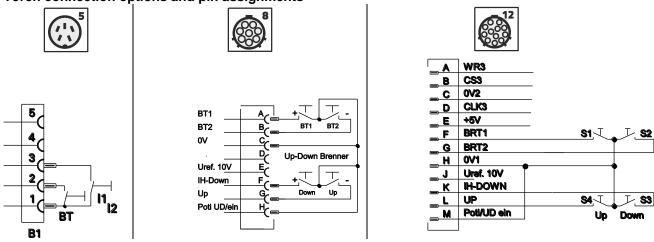
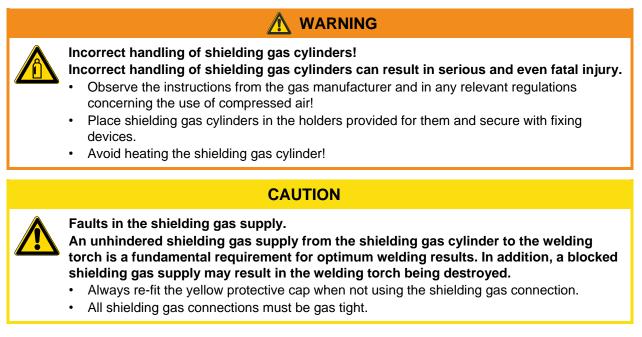


Figure 5-7

5.8.2 Shielding gas supply (shielding gas cylinder for welding machine)



Before connecting the pressure regulator to the gas cylinder, open the cylinder valve briefly to expel any dirt.



5.8.2.1 Connecting the shielding gas supply

- Place the shielding gas cylinder into the relevant cylinder bracket.
- Secure the shielding gas cylinder using a securing chain.

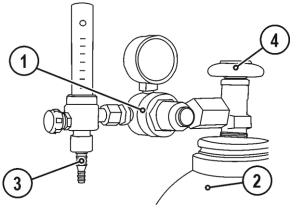


Figure 5-8

Item	Symbol	Description
1		Pressure regulator
2		Shielding gas cylinder
3		Output side of the pressure regulator
4		Cylinder valve

- Before connecting the pressure regulator to the gas cylinder, open the cylinder valve briefly to blow out any dirt.
- Tighten the pressure regulator screw connection on the gas bottle valve to be gas-tight.
- Screw gas hose connection crown nut onto the output side of the pressure regulator.

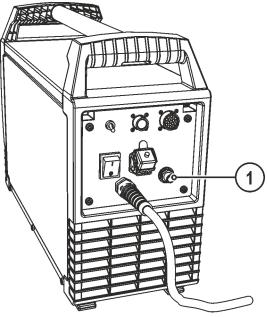
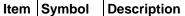


Figure 5-9



Connecting nipple G¼, shielding gas connection

• Connect crown nut of the shielding gas line to the G¹/₄" connecting nipple.

1

TIG welding



5.8.2.2 Setting the shielding gas quantity







When setting the shielding gas quantity, high voltage ignition pulses or open circuit voltage are applied at the welding torch; these can lead to electric shocks and burning on contact.

- Keep the welding torch electrically insulated from persons, animals or equipment during the setting procedure.
- Press the torch trigger and set the shielding gas quantity with the flow gauge of the pressure regulator.

Image: Second stateRule of thumb for the gas flow rate:
Diameter of gas nozzle in mm corresponds to gas flow in l/min.
Example: 7mm gas nozzle corresponds to 7l/min gas flow.

- Incorrect shielding gas setting!
 - If the shielding gas setting is too low or too high, this can introduce air to the weld pool and may cause pores to form.
 - Adjust the shielding gas quantity to suit the welding task!



5.8.3 Welding task selection

The welding task is selected using the buttons on the machine control on the welding machine. Signal lights (LED) display the welding parameter selection.

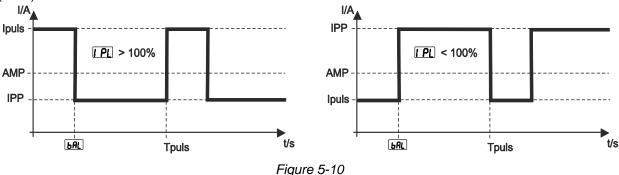
Set the welding task in the following order:

ltem	Symbol	Description
1		Welding procedure push-button 곳MMA welding
		L TIG welding
2		 Welding current potential push-button DC DC welding with negative polarity at the torch (or electrode holder) with respect to the workpiece. AC~ AC welding (alternating current waveform can be set)
3		Operating mode/power-saving mode push-button Non-latched Press for 2 s to put the machine into power-saving mode. To reactivate, activate one of the operating elements.
4		Select welding parameters button This button is used to select the welding parameters depending on the welding process and operating mode used.
5		Pulse welding push-button (average value pulses)
6		Welding parameter setting rotary dial Setting currents, times and parameters.



5.8.4 Average value pulse welding

Average value pulse welding means that two currents are switched periodically, a current average value (AMP), a pulse current (Ipuls), a balance (**bAL**) and a frequency (**FrE**) having been defined first. The predefined ampere current average value is decisive, the pulse current (Ipuls) is defined by the **FL** parameter as a percentage of the current average value (AMP). The pulse pause current (IPP) requires no setting. This value is calculated by the machine control, so that the welding current average value (AMP) is maintained at all times.



AMP = Main current; e.g. 100 A

IPL = Pulse current = IP1 x AMP; e.g. 170% x 100 A = 170 A

IPP = Pulse pause current

Tpuls = Duration of one pulse cycle = 1/FrE; e.g. 1/1 Hz = 1 s

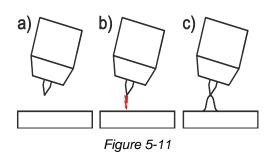
bAL = Balance = bAL x Tpuls; e.g. 30% x 1 s = 0.3 s

For parameter setting, - See 5.8.9 Expert menu (TIG) chapter.



5.8.5 Arc ignition



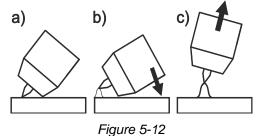


The arc is started without contact from high-voltage ignition pulses.

- a) Position the welding torch in welding position over the workpiece (distance between the electrode tip and workpiece should be approx. 2-3mm).
- b) Press the torch trigger (high voltage ignition pulses ignite the arc).
- c) Ignition current flows, and the welding process is continued depending on the operating mode selected.

End the welding process: Release or press the torch trigger depending on the operating mode selected.

5.8.5.2 Liftarc ignition



i iguio c

The arc is ignited on contact with the workpiece:

- a) Carefully place the torch gas nozzle and tungsten electrode tip onto the workpiece and press the torch trigger (liftarc current flowing, regardless of the main current set).
- b) Incline the torch over the torch gas nozzle to produce a gap of approx. 2-3 mm between the electrode tip and the workpiece. The arc ignites and the welding current is increased, depending on the operating mode set, to the ignition or main current set.
- c) Lift off the torch and swivel to the normal position.

Ending the welding process: Release or press the torch trigger depending on the operating mode selected.

5.8.5.3 Automatic cut-out

The automatic cut-out function will be triggered by two conditions during the welding process:

- During the ignition phase (ignition fault) If there is no welding current within 3s after starting the welding.
- During the welding phase (arc interruption) If the arc is interrupted for longer than 3s.

In both cases, the welding machine ends the ignition or welding process immediately.



Function sequences/operating modes 5.8.6

Using the welding parameter push-button and welding parameter setting rotary knob the sequence parameters are set.

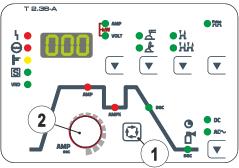


Figure 5-13

Item	Symbol	Description
1		Select welding parameters button
		This button is used to select the welding parameters depending on the welding process and operating mode used.
2	1 ALLAN	Welding parameter setting rotary dial
		Setting currents, times and parameters.

Explanation of symbols Symbol Meaning 5.8.6.1

Symbol	Meaning
	Press torch trigger 1
	Release torch trigger 1
I	Current
t	Time
۲	Gas pre-flows
_ Č	
I _{start}	Ignition current
t _{Up}	Up-slope time
tP	Spot time
AMP	Main current (minimum to maximum current)
AMP%	Secondary current (0% to 100% of AMP)
ts1	TIG pulses: Slop time from main current (AMP) to secondary current (AMP%)
ts2	TIG pulses: Slop time from secondary current (AMP%) to main current (AMP)
t _{Down}	Down-slope time
I _{end}	End-crater current
٢	Gas post-flows
Ľ	



5.8.6.2 Non-latched mode

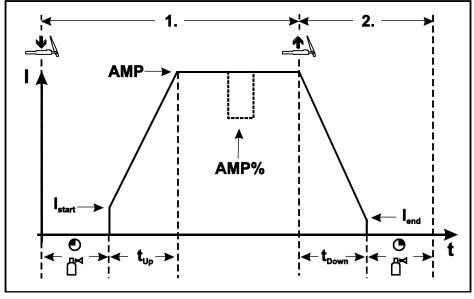


Figure 5-14

1st cycle:

- Press and hold torch trigger 1.
- The gas pre-flow time elapses.
- HF ignition pulses jump from the electrode to the workpiece, the arc ignites.
- The welding current flows and immediately assumes the value set for the ignition current Istart.
- HF is switched off.
- The welding current increases with the adjusted up-slope time to the main current AMP.

Switching from main current AMP to secondary current AMP%: Press torch trigger 2 or Tap torch trigger 1

2nd cycle:

- Release torch trigger 1.
- The main current falls in the set down-slope time to the end-crater current I_{end} (minimum current).

If the 1st torch trigger is pressed during the down-slope time, the welding current returns to the main current AMP set.

- The main current reaches the end-crater current I_{end}, the arc extinguishes.
- The set gas post-flow time elapses.
- When the foot-operated remote control RTF is connected, the machine switches automatically to non-latched operation.

The up- and down-slopes are switched off.



5.8.6.3 Latched mode

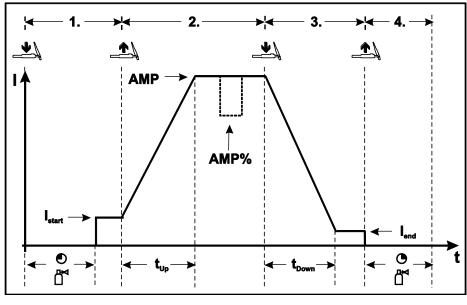


Figure 5-15

Step 1

- Press torch trigger 1, the gas pre-flow time elapses.
- HF ignition pulses jump from the electrode to the workpiece, the arc ignites.
- Welding current flows and immediately assumes the ignition current value set (search arc at minimum setting). HF is switched off.

Step 2

- Release torch trigger 1.
- The welding current increases with the set up-slope time to the main current AMP.

Switching from main current AMP to secondary current AMP%: Press torch trigger 2 or Tap torch trigger 1

Step 3

• Press torch trigger 1.

• The main current drops with the set down-slope time to the end-crater current I_{end} (minimum current).

Step 4

- Release torch trigger 1, the arc extinguishes.
- The set gas post-flow time begins.

Immediate termination of the welding process in the downslope by releasing torch trigger 1.

When the foot-operated remote control RTF is connected, the machine switches automatically to non-latched operation.

The up- and down-slopes are switched off.

To use the alternative welding start (tapping start) a double-digit torch mode (11-x) has to be set at the welding machine control. The number of torch modes available depends on the machine type. For single-digit torch modes (1-x) this function is disabled.



TIG welding

Welding torch (operating variants) 5.8.7

Different torch versions can be used with this machine.

Functions on the operating elements, such as torch triggers (TT), rockers or potentiometers, can be modified individually via torch modes.

Explanation of symbols for operating elements:

Symbol	Description
● BRT 1	Press torch trigger
● BRT 1	Tap torch trigger
●● BRT 2	Tap and press torch trigger



5.8.7.1 Tap torch trigger (tapping function)

Swiftly tap the torch trigger to change the function. The torch mode set determines the operating mode of the tapping function.

The user has the modes 1 to 4 and modes 11 to 14 available. Modes 11 to 14 include the same function options as 1 to 4, but without tapping function for the secondary current.

The function options in the individual modes can be found in the tables for the corresponding torch types. The welding process can of course be switched on and off in all modes using torch trigger 1 (TT 1).

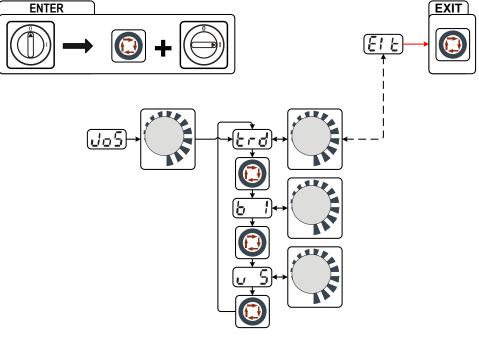


Figure 5-16

Display	Setting/selection
	Lock JOB menu
	Protect welding parameters from unauthorised access.
	Torch configuration menu
	Set welding torch functions
b ;	Torch mode setting (factory setting 1)
	Up-/Down speed (not available in modes 4 and 14)
	Increase value = rapid current change
	Reduce value = slow current change
	Exit the menu
	Exit



5.8.8 Torch mode and up/down speed setting

The user has the modes 1 to 4 and modes 11 to 14 available. Modes 11 to 14 include the same function options as 1 to 4, but without tapping function for the secondary current.

The function options in the individual modes can be found in the tables for the corresponding torch types. The welding process can of course be switched on and off in all modes using torch trigger 1 (TT 1).

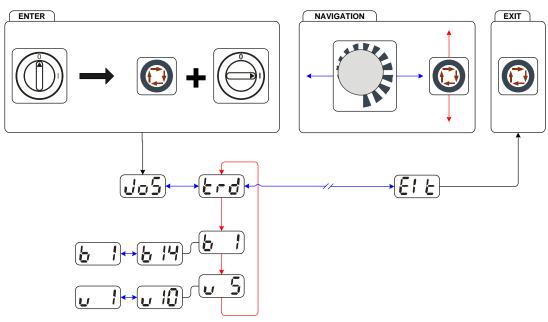


Figure 5-17

Display	Setting/selection			
Jas	Lock JOB menu			
	Protect welding parameters from unauthorised access.			
	Torch configuration menu			
	Set welding torch functions			
b 1	Torch mode setting (factory setting 1)			
	Up-/Down speed (not available in modes 4 and 14)			
UĴ	Increase value = rapid current change			
	Reduce value = slow current change			
	Exit the menu			
	Exit			





5.8.8.1 Standard TIG torch (5-pole)

Standard torch with one torch trigger:

Diagram	Operating elements	ools		
			igger 1 (welding cur ary current via tappir	
Functions	1		mode	Operating elements
Welding current On/C	Dff	1	● BRT 1	
Secondary current (L	atched mode)	(factory-set)	● BRT 1 <u>↓</u>	

Standard torch with two torch triggers:

Diagram	Operating elements	Explanation of symbols				
5		BRT1 = torch trigger 1 BRT2 = torch trigger 2				
Functions		'	mode	Operating elements		
Welding current On/Of	f		BRT 1-●● <u>↓</u>			
Secondary current		1 (factory-set)	●● BRT 2 <u>↓</u>			
Secondary current (tap	oping mode) / (lato	ched mode)		BRT 1-●● <u>↓</u> û		
Welding current On/Of	f			BRT 1- <u>□</u>		
Secondary current (tap	oping mode) / (lato	3	BRT 1- <u>⊕</u> û			
Up function		5	●● BRT 2 <u>↓</u> <u>↑</u> ↓			
Down function			●● BRT 2 ①			



Standard torch with one ro Diagram	ocker (MG rocker, Operating elements	two torch triggers) Explanation of syn	nbols	
(جن) ⁵	er 1 er 2			
Functions			mode	Operating elements
Welding current On/Off				BRT 1
Secondary current			1 (factory-set)	
Secondary current (tapping	Secondary current (tapping mode) / (latched mode)			■ <u><u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u></u></u>
Welding current On/Off	Welding current On/Off			BRT 1 + BRT 2
Secondary current (tapping	mode)		2	BRT 1 → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → →
Up function				BRT 1
Down function				
Welding current On/Off				BRT 1 ■
Secondary current (tapping				
Up function	3			
Down function				



Figure	Operating elements	Explanation of symbolic	ols	
B		BRT 1 = torch trigger	1	
Functions			Mode	Operating elements
Welding current on/o	ff			● BRT 1 ■ <u>↓</u>
Secondary current (ta	apping function)/(latche	d operating mode)	1	● BRT 1
Increase welding cur	rent, infinite adjustment	t (up function)	(ex works)	Up ⊻
Decrease welding cu	nt (down function)		∎ Down	
Welding current on/o	ff			● BRT 1
Secondary current (ta	apping function)		2	●-BRT 1 <u>↓</u>
Welding current on/o	ff			● BRT 1
Secondary current (tapping function)/(latched operating mode)				● BRT 1 <u>↓</u>
Skipping increase of	welding current		4	Up
Skipping decrease of	f welding current			■ ■ ■ Down



Up/down torch w Figure	vith two torch trigger Operating elements	S Explanation of symbols		
		BRT 1 = torch trigger 1 (le BRT 2 = torch trigger 2 (rig		
Functions		Ι	Mode	Operating elements
Welding current of	on/off			BRT 1- ↓
Secondary curre	nt			BRT 2
Secondary curre	nt (tapping function)/(l	atched operating mode)	1 (ex works)	BRT 1-●● <u><u>U</u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u></u>
Increase welding	current, infinite adjus	tment (up function)		Up <u>↓</u>
Decrease weldin	g current, infinite adju	stment (down function)		Down
Welding current of	on/off			BRT 1-●● <u>↓</u>
Secondary curre	nt		2	●● BRT 2 ■ ①
Secondary curre	nt (tapping function)			BRT 1- <u>↓</u> û
Welding current of	on/off			BRT 1- ↓
Secondary curre	nt			●● BRT 2 ①
Secondary curre	nt (tapping function)		4	BRT 1-●● <u>↓</u> ↑
Skipping increase	e of welding current		Up	
Skipping decreas	se of welding current			Down
Gas test			4	●● BRT 2 ■ ① > 3 S



5.8.8.2 Potentiometer torch (8-pole)

The welding machine needs to be configured for operation with a potentiometer torch- See 5.8.8.3 Configuring the TIG potentiometer torch connection chapter.

Potentiometer torch with o Diagram	6			
B		BRT 1 = torch trigger 1		
Functions			Mode	Operating elements
Welding current On/Off	Welding current On/Off			BRT 1 ● ↓
Secondary current (tapping mode)			3	BRT 1 <u>U</u> Û
Increase welding current, infinite adjustment			5	
Reduce welding current, infinite adjustment				

Potentiometer torch with two torch triggers:

Diagram	Operating elements	Explanation of symbols	S	
B		BRT 1 = torch trigger 1 BRT 2 = torch trigger 2		
Functions		1	Mode	Operating elements
Welding current On/Off				BRT 1- ⊕
Secondary current				●● BRT 2
Secondary current (tapping mode)			3	BRT 1 <u>⊕</u> û
Increase welding current, infinite adjustment				
Reduce welding current, infinite adjustment				



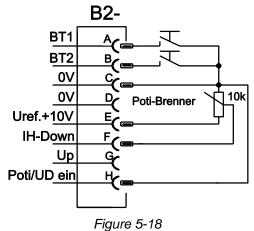
5.8.8.3 Configuring the TIG potentiometer torch connection

Do not carry out any unauthorised repairs or modifications! To avoid injury and equipment damage, the unit must only be repaired or modified by specialist, skilled persons! The warranty becomes null and void in the event of unauthorised interference. • Appoint only skilled persons for repair work (trained service personnel)!
 Risk of injury due to electrical voltage after switching off! Working on an open machine can lead to fatal injuries! Capacitors are loaded with electrical voltage during operation. Voltage remains present for up to four minutes after the mains plug is removed. 1. Switch off machine. 2. Remove the mains plug. 3. Wait for at last 4 minutes until the capacitors have discharged!
CAUTION
Test! Before re-commissioning, it is essential that an "inspection and test during operation" is carried out conforming to IEC / DIN EN 60974-4 "Arc welding devices - inspection and testing during operation"! • For detailed instructions, please see the standard operating instructions for the welding

machine.

When connecting a potentiometer torch, jumper JP1 on PCB T200/1 inside the welding machine should be unplugged.

Welding torch configuration	Setting
Prepared for TIG standard or up/down torch (factory setting)	🗵 JP1
Prepared for potentiometer torches	D JP1



F For this torch type the welding machine has to be set to torch mode 3- See 5.8.8 Torch mode and up/down speed setting chapter.



5.8.8.4 RETOX TIG torch (12-pole)

For operation with this welding torch, the welding machine must be equipped with the retrofit option "ON 12POL RETOX TIG" (12-pole torch connection socket)!

Diagram	Operating elements	Explanation of syn	nbols	
	BRT 3 BRT 4 BRT 4	TT= torch trigger		
Functions			Mode	Operating

Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary currentTT 2Secondary current (tapping function)TT 3Increase welding current (up function)TT 4Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary current (apping function)TT 2Secondary current on/offTT 1Secondary current (tapping function)TT 2Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary currentTT 1Secondary currentTT 1Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Melding current on/offTT 1Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Melding c		Mode	elements
Secondary current (tapping function)1 (ex works)TT 1 (tapping)Increase welding current (up function)TT 3Reduce welding current (down function)TT 4Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary current2Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1 (tapping)Welding current on/offTT 1 (tapping)Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1 (tapping)Welding current on/offTT 1 (tapping)Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Welding current (tapping function)TT 1TT 1TT 2TT 1TT 2TT 1TT 2TT 1TT 2TT 1TT 3	Welding current on/off		TT 1
Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1 (tapping)Increase welding current (up function)TT 3Reduce welding current (down function)TT 4Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary currentTT 2Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1 (tapping)Welding current on/offTT 1 (tapping)Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Welding current on/offTT 1 (tapping)Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1 (tapping)Welding current on/offTT 1 (tapping)Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Welding current on/offTT 1 (tapping)Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Welding current (tapping function)TT 1Melding current (tapping function)TT 1TT 1TT 2TT 1TT 2TT 1TT 2TT 1TT 2TT 1TT 2TT 2TT 1Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Increase welding current (up function)TT 3	Secondary current		TT 2
Increase welding current (up function)TT 3Reduce welding current (down function)TT 4Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary currentTT 2Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1 (tapping)Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary currentTT 2Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary currentTT 1Secondary currentTT 1Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Increase welding current (up function)TT 3	Secondary current (tapping function)	-	TT 1 (tapping)
Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary current2TT 2Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1 (tapping)Welding current on/off3TT 1Secondary current3TT 2Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1 (tapping)Welding current on/offTT 1 (tapping)Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1 (tapping)Welding current on/offTT 1 (tapping)Secondary currentTT 1Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Increase welding current (up function)TT 3	Increase welding current (up function)		TT 3
Secondary current2TT 2Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1 (tapping)Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary currentTT 2Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1 (tapping)Welding current on/offTT 1 (tapping)Welding current on/offTT 1Secondary currentTT 1Secondary current on/offTT 1 (tapping)Secondary currentTT 1Secondary currentTT 1Secondary current (tapping function)TT 1Increase welding current (up function)TT 3	Reduce welding current (down function)		TT 4
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	Secondary current (tapping function)	4	TT 1 (tapping)
Reduce welding current (down function) TT 4	Increase welding current (up function)		TT 3
	Reduce welding current (down function)		TT 4



5.8.9 Expert menu (TIG)

The expert menu includes functions and parameters which are either not set on the machine control, or which do not require regular setting.

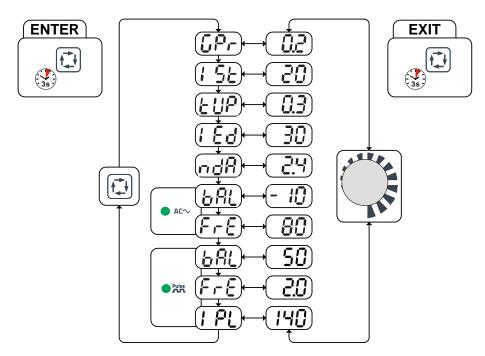


Figure 5-19

Display	Setting/selection
	Gas pre-flow time
UFF	Setting range: 0.1 s to 5.0 s (0.1 s increments)
	Ignition current
	Setting range in percent: depending on main current
	Setting range, absolute: Imin to Imax.
	Upslope time to main current
	Setting: 0.0 sec. to 20.0 sec. (factory setting 1.0 sec.)
	End-crater current
	Setting range in percent: depending on main current
	Setting range, absolute: Imin to Imax.
	Diameter of tungsten electrode/ignition optimisation
	1 mm to 4 mm or larger (0.1 mm increments)
LQ!	Alternating current balance (AC)
UIIL	Max. setting range: -30% to +30% (1% increments).
	Optimisation of cleaning and fusion penetration.
	AC frequency (AC)
	Setting range: 50 Hz to 200 Hz (increments of 1 Hz).
	Pulse balance
	Percentage of time from pulse cycle Tpuls for pulse current
	Setting range 1% to 99%, ex works: 50%
	Pulse frequency
	Setting range: 0.2 Hz to 2.0 kHz, ex works: 2.8 Hz
[. P]	Pulse current
	Setting range 1% to 200%, ex works: 140%

MMA welding



5.9 MMA welding



Risk of being crushed or burnt. When replacing spent or new stick electrodes

Switch off machine at the main switch

- · Wear appropriate safety gloves
- · Use insulated tongs to remove spent stick electrodes or to move welded workpieces and
- Always put the electrode holder down on an insulated surface.



Shielding gas connection!

During MMA welding open circuit voltage is applied at the shielding gas connection ($G^{1/4}$ " connecting nipple).

Place yellow insulating cap on the G¼" connection nipple (protects against electrical voltage and dirt).

5.9.1 Connecting the electrode holder and workpiece lead

Polarity depends on the instructions from the electrode manufacturer given on the electrode packaging.

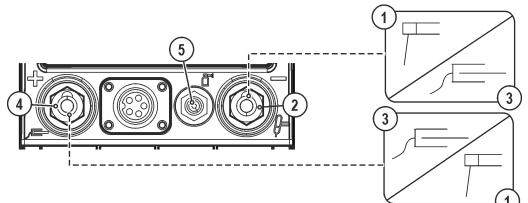


Figure 5-20

ltem	Symbol	Description
1	٣	Electrode holder
2		Connection socket, "-" welding current
_		Workpiece lead or electrode holder connection
3	Ţ	Workpiece
4		Connection socket for "+" welding current
		Electrode holder or workpiece lead connection
5		Connecting nipple G¼, shielding gas connection

- Fit yellow protective cap onto G¼" connecting nipple.
- Insert cable plug of the electrode holder into either the "+" or "-" welding current connection socket and lock by turning to the right.
- Insert cable plug of the workpiece lead into either the "+" or "-" welding current connection socket and lock by turning to the right.

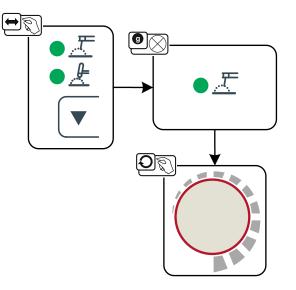


5.9.2 Welding task selection

It is only possible to change the basic parameters when no welding current is flowing and any ß possible access control is disabled.

The welding task is selected using the buttons on the machine control on the welding machine. Signal lights (LED) display the welding parameter selection.

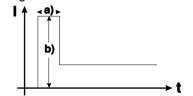
Set the welding task in the following order:



5.9.3 Hotstart current and Hotstart time

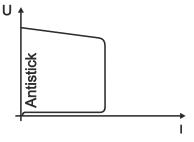
The hotstart device improves the ignition of the stick electrodes using an increased ignition current.

- a) = Hotstart time
- b) = Hotstart current
- | = Welding current
- Time t =



For parameter setting, - See 5.9.6 Expert menu (MMA) chapter. ß

5.9.4 Antistick



Anti-stick prevents the electrode from annealing.

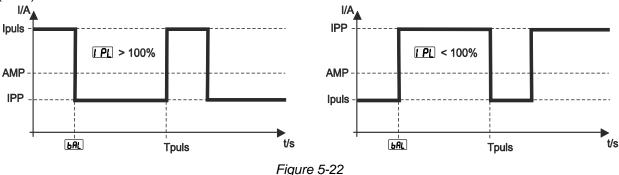
If the electrode sticks in spite of the Arcforce device, the machine automatically switches over to the minimum current within about 1 second to prevent the electrode from overheating. Check the welding current setting and correct according to the welding task!

Figure 5-21



5.9.5 Average value pulse welding

Average value pulse welding means that two currents are switched periodically, a current average value (AMP), a pulse current (Ipuls), a balance (**bAL**) and a frequency (**FrE**) having been defined first. The predefined ampere current average value is decisive, the pulse current (Ipuls) is defined by the **FL** parameter as a percentage of the current average value (AMP). The pulse pause current (IPP) requires no setting. This value is calculated by the machine control, so that the welding current average value (AMP) is maintained at all times.



AMP = Main current; e.g. 100 A

IPL = Pulse current = IP1 x AMP; e.g. 170% x 100 A = 170 A

IPP = Pulse pause current

Tpuls = Duration of one pulse cycle = 1/FrE; e.g. 1/1 Hz = 1 s

bAL = Balance = bAL x Tpuls; e.g. 30% x 1 s = 0.3 s

For parameter setting, - See 5.9.6 Expert menu (MMA) chapter.



5.9.6 Expert menu (MMA)

The expert menu includes functions and parameters which are either not set on the machine control, or which do not require regular setting.

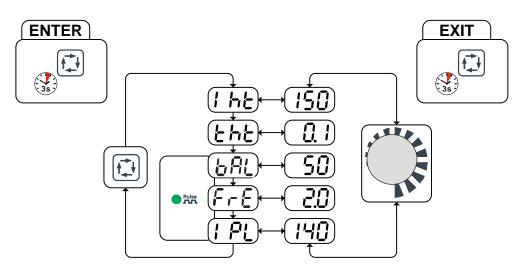


Figure 5-23

Display	Setting/selection
	Hotstart current
	Hotstart current setting
	Hotstart time
	Hotstart time setting
	Pulse balance
ONL	Percentage of time from pulse cycle Tpuls for pulse current
	Setting range 1% to 99%, ex works: 30%
	Pulse frequency
	Setting range 0.2 Hz to 50 Hz, 1.2 Hz ex works.
	Pulse current
	Setting range 1% to 200%, ex works: 142%

5.10 Voltage reducing device

The voltage reducing device is a requirement in some countries and in many internal company safety guidelines for power sources.

The voltage reduction device is only active on VRD machine versions.

To increase safety, particularly in hazardous environments (like shipbuilding, pipe construction or mining), the machine is equipped with the VRD (Voltage-reducing device) voltage reduction device.

The VRD signal light is illuminated, when the voltage reduction device is operating without fault and the output voltage is reduced to a value specified in the relevant standard (see technical data).

- See 4.3 Machine control – Operating elements chapter

- See 8 Technical data chapter

Design and function

Remote control



5.11 Remote control

L P The remote controls are operated on the 19-pole remote control connection socket (analogue).

main current on the welding machine.

5.11.1 RT1 19POL



5.11.2 RTG1 19POL



Functions

Functions

Infinite setting of the welding current (0% to 100%) depending on the main current preselected at the welding machine

Infinitely adjustable welding current (0% to 100%) depending on the preselected

5.11.3 RTP1 19POL



Functions

- TIG/MMA
- Infinitely adjustable welding current (0% to 100%) depending on the preselected main current on the welding machine.
- Pulse/spot/normal
 - Pulse, spot and break times are infinitely adjustable.

5.11.4 RTP 2

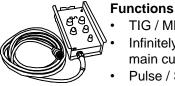


Functions TIG/MMA.

Infinitely adjustable welding current (0% to 100%) depending on the preselected main current on the welding machine.

- Pulse/spot/normal
- Frequency and spot times infinitely adjustable.
- Coarse adjustment of the cycle frequency.
- Pulse/pause ratio (balance) adjustable from 10% to 90%.

5.11.5 RTP3 spotArc 19POL



TIG / MMA.

Infinitely adjustable welding current (0% to 100%) depending on the preselected main current on the welding machine.

- Pulse / SpotArc spots / normal
 - Frequency and spot time infinitely adjustable.
- Coarse adjustment of the pulse frequency.
- Pulse/pause ratio (balance) adjustable from 10% to 90%.

5.11.6 RTF1 19POL



Functions

Infinitely adjustable welding current (0% to 100%) depending on the preselected main current on the welding machine.

Start/stop welding operation (TIG)

ActivArc welding is not possible in combination with the foot-operated remote control.



5.12 Interfaces for automation

5.12.1 Remote control connection socket, 19-pole

CAUTION



Damage to the machine due to improper connection!

- Unsuitable control leads or incorrect connection of input and output signals can cause damage to the machine.
- Only use shielded control leads!
- If the machine is to be operated with control voltages connection via suitable isolation amplifiers is required!
- To control the main or secondary current via control voltages, the relevant inputs must be enabled (see specification for activation of control voltage).

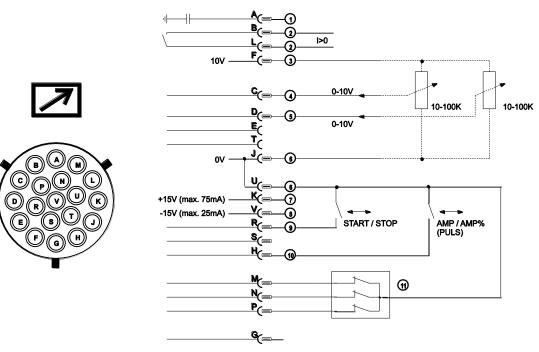


Figure 5-24

ltem	Pin	Signal shape	Designation
1	А	Output	Connection for cable screen (PE)
2	B/L	Output	Current flowing signal I>0, galvanically isolated (max. +- 15V/100mA)
3	F	Output	Reference voltage for potentiometer 10V (max. 10mA)
4	С	Input	Control voltage specification for main current, 0–10V (0V = $I_{min}/10V = I_{max}$)
5	D	Input	Control voltage specification for secondary current, 0–10V (0V = $I_{min}/10V = I_{max}$)
6	J/U	Output	Reference potential 0V
7	К	Output	Power supply +15V, max. 75mA
8	V	Output	Power supply -15V, max. 25mA
9	R	Input	Start/Stop welding current
10	Н	Input	Switching between main and secondary welding currents (pulses)
11	M/N	Input	Activation of control voltage specification Signals M and N must be set to reference potential 0V to activate the external control voltage specification for main and secondary current.

Machine configuration menu



5.13 Machine configuration menu

ENTER (enter the menu)

- Switch off machine at the main switch
- Press and hold the "welding parameters" button and switch the machine on again at the same time.

NAVIGATION (navigating in the menu)

- Parameters are selected by pressing the "welding parameters" button.
- Set or change the parameters by turning the "welding parameter setting" rotary dial.
- EXIT (leave the menu)
- Select the "Elt" menu item.
- Press the "welding parameters" button (settings will be applied, machine changes to the ready-to-operate status).

5.13.1 Power-saving mode (Standby)

You can activate the power-saving mode by either pressing the push-button for a prolonged time or by setting a parameter in the machine configuration menu (time-controlled power-saving mode).

When power-saving mode is activated, the machine displays show the horizontal digit in the centre of the display only.

Pressing any operating element (e.g. tapping the torch trigger) deactivates power-saving mode and the machine is ready for welding again.

- See 4.3 Machine control Operating elements chapter
- See 5.13 Machine configuration menu chapter

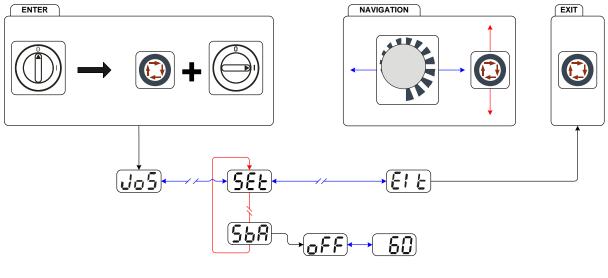


Figure 5-25

Display	Setting/selection
	Lock JOB menu
	Protect welding parameters from unauthorised access.
566	Settings
	Settings for machine functions and parameter displays.
568	Time-based power-saving mode
<u>, 101</u>	DFF inactivated
	5 min60 min. = Time to activation of power-saving mode in case of inactivity.
	Exit the menu
	Exit



5.13.2 Testing the machine fan

The machine fan can be switched on at the machine controls so that you can check that it is working correctly.

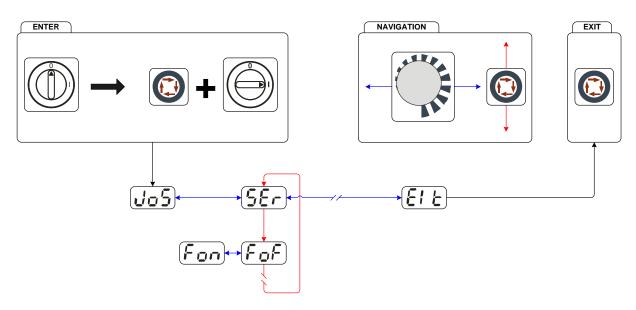


Figure 5-26

Display	Setting/selection
	Lock JOB menu
UOD	Protect welding parameters from unauthorised access.
	Service menu
	Service settings
	Exit the menu
	Exit
	Machine fan test
	Machine fan is switched off
	Machine fan test
ron	Machine fan is switched on



5.13.3 Protecting welding parameters from unauthorised access

The machine code is set to 000 ex works and after each reset- See 7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings chapter. The machine code can also be user-defined- See 5.13.3.1 Changing the three-digit machine code chapter.

To protect against unauthorised or unintentional changes to the welding parameters, you can lock the machine controls with a software key (3-digit machine code).

If the access lock is active, only the following parameters can be changed:

- Welding current (within a previously defined range).
- Switch display.
- Switch welding parameters (JOBs)

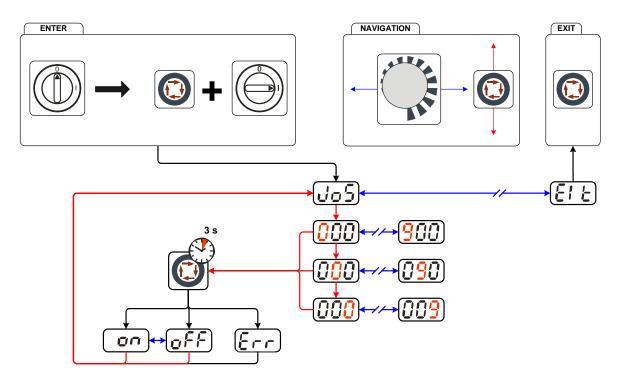


Figure 5-27

Display	Setting/selection
	Lock JOB menu
	Protect welding parameters from unauthorised access.
	Exit the menu
	Exit
	Error
	Error message after entering an incorrect machine code
	Machine code
	Querying the three-digit machine code (000 to 999), user input
	Switch off
OFF	Switching off machine function
	Switch on
	Switching on machine function



5.13.3.1 Changing the three-digit machine code

In this menu you can change the 3-digit machine code.

After entering and confirming the old code, you can enter a new code.

The correct machine code is necessary for activating and deactivating the access lock!

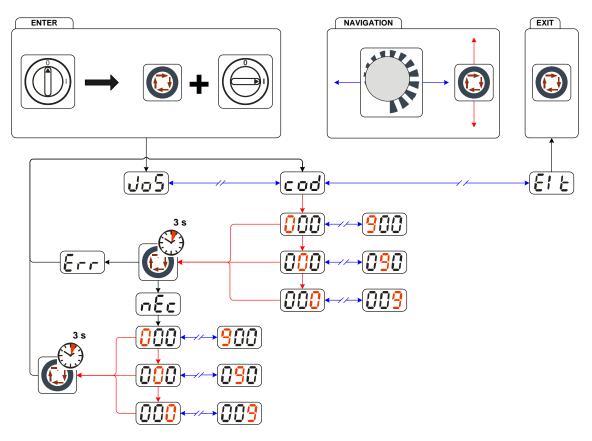


Figure 5-28

Display	Setting/selection
	Lock JOB menu
	Protect welding parameters from unauthorised access.
	Machine code
<u>coo</u>	Confirming the old machine code/entering the new machine code
	Machine code
	Querying the three-digit machine code (000 to 999), user input
	Error
CLL	Error message after entering an incorrect machine code
	New machine code
	Machine code entered correctly
	Prompt for entering the new machine code
	Exit the menu
	Exit



5.13.4 Setting the welding current (absolute/percentage)

The welding currents for start current, secondary current, end current and hotstart current can be set as percentages (factory setting) or absolute values.

If absolute current display is set, the "AMP" signal light for the main current is lit in addition to the respective "AMP%" signal light. However, in percentage display mode, only the respective "AMP%" signal light is lit.

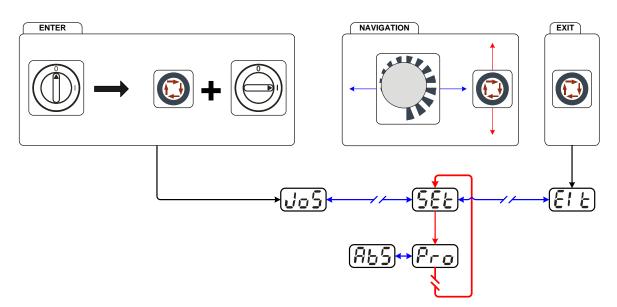


Figure 5-29

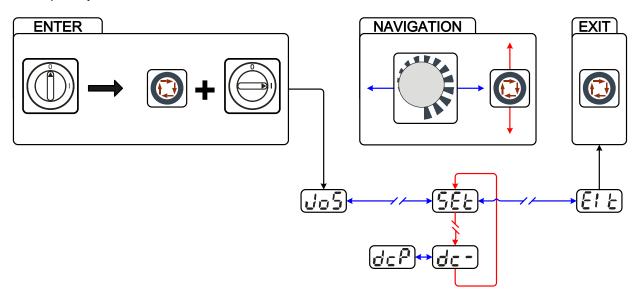
Display	Setting/selection
	Lock JOB menu
	Protect welding parameters from unauthorised access.
	Settings
JCC	Settings for machine functions and parameter displays.
	Welding current display, percentage
	Representation of the welding current as a percentage in relation to the main current setting (AMP). Example: Main current setting to 120A and secondary current to 50% results in an absolute secondary current of 60A.
	Welding current display, absolute
000	Absolute representation of all welding currents in amperes
	Exit the menu
	Exit





5.13.5 Selecting the welding current polarity during the ignition phase

Selection of welding current polarity during ignition phase, until the arc stabilises. It always switches over to DC- polarity after a few milliseconds.



Display	Setting/selection
	Lock JOB menu
	Protect welding parameters from unauthorised access.
	Settings
JCC	Settings for machine functions and parameter displays.
dc-	Negative welding current polarity during the ignition phase
dcP	Positive welding current polarity during the ignition phase
E i E	Exit the menu Exit



5.13.6 TIG antistick

The function prevents uncontrolled re-ignition following the sticking of the tungsten electrode in the weld pool by switching off the welding current. In addition, wear at the tungsten electrode is reduced. The function takes effect in the main current phase of the latched operating mode- See 5.8.6.3 Latched mode chapter.

The 3rd and 4th cycle are omitted and the welder starts the new process with the 1st cycle. The user can switch the function on or off (see the procedure below).

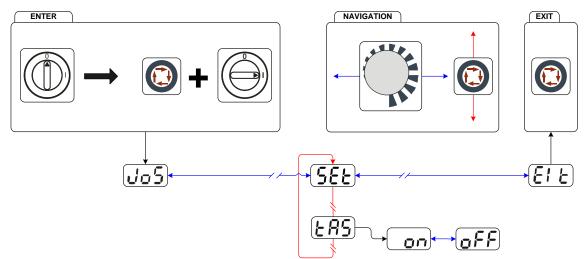


Figure 5-31

Display	Setting/selection	
	Lock JOB menu	
	Protect welding parameters from unauthorised access.	
	Settings	
JCC	Settings for machine functions and parameter displays.	
	TIG antistick- See 5.13.6 TIG antistick chapter	
	function active (factory setting).	
Elt	Exit the menu Exit	



5.13.7 Choosing the alternating current waveform

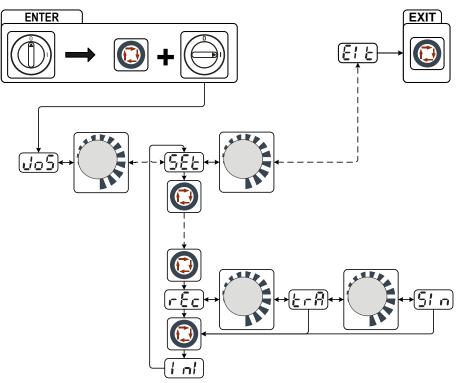


Figure 5-32

Display	Setting/selection
	Lock JOB menu
	Protect welding parameters from unauthorised access.
	Settings
JCC	Settings for machine functions and parameter displays.
	Alternating current welding with rectangular current waveform
	Maximum power loading and safe welding
	Alternating current welding with trapezoidal current waveform
CLU	An all-rounder, suitable for most applications
	Alternating current welding with sinusoidal current waveform
	Low noise level
	Initialising
	Machine adopts previously selected settings
	Exit the menu
	Exit



5.13.7.1 Configuring the TIG potentiometer torch connection

DANGER

Do not carry out any unauthorised repairs or modifications! To avoid injury and equipment damage, the unit must only be repaired or modified by specialist, skilled persons! The warranty becomes null and void in the event of unauthorised interference.

Appoint only skilled persons for repair work (trained service personnel)!



Risk of injury due to electrical voltage after switching off!

Working on an open machine can lead to fatal injuries!

Capacitors are loaded with electrical voltage during operation. Voltage remains present for up to four minutes after the mains plug is removed.

- 1. Switch off machine.
- 2. Remove the mains plug.
- 3. Wait for at last 4 minutes until the capacitors have discharged!

CAUTION

Test!

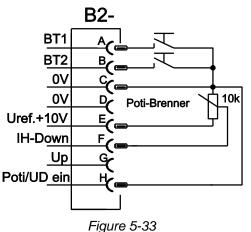
Before re-commissioning, it is essential that an "inspection and test during operation" is carried out conforming to IEC / DIN EN 60974-4 "Arc welding devices - inspection and testing during operation"!

For detailed instructions, please see the standard operating instructions for the welding machine.

When connecting a potentiometer torch, jumper JP1 on PCB T200/1 inside the welding machine should be unplugged.

Welding torch configuration	Setting
Prepared for TIG standard or up/down torch (factory setting)	🗵 JP1
Prepared for potentiometer torches	D JP1

Prepared for potentiometer torches



For this torch type the welding machine has to be set to torch mode 3- See 5.8.8 Torch mode and EF. up/down speed setting chapter.



6 Maintenance, care and disposal

DANGER

Improper maintenance and testing

The equipment may only be cleaned, repaired or tested by specialist, skilled persons! A skilled person is one who, due to training, knowledge and experience, is able to recognise the dangers that can occur during testing of this equipment as well as possible subsequent damage and who is able to implement the required safety procedures.

- Complete all tests given in the chapter below!
- Only put the equipment back into operation following a successful test.
- Risk of injury from electric shock!

Cleaning machines that are not disconnected from the mains can lead to serious injuries!

- Disconnect the machine completely from the mains.
- Remove the mains plug!
- Wait for 4 minutes until the capacitors have discharged!

Repair and maintenance work may only be performed by qualified authorised personnel; otherwise the right to claim under warranty is void. In all service matters, always consult the dealer who supplied the machine. Return deliveries of defective equipment subject to warranty may only be made through your dealer. When replacing parts, use only original spare parts. When ordering spare parts, please quote the machine type, serial number and item number of the machine, as well as the type designation and item number of the spare parts.

6.1 General

©⊅́

When used in the specified environmental conditions and under normal operating conditions, this machine is largely maintenance-free and requires a minimum of care.

There are some points, which should be observed, to guarantee fault-free operation of your welding machine. Among these are regular cleaning and checking as described below, depending on the pollution level of the environment and the length of time the unit is in use.

6.2 Maintenance work, intervals

6.2.1 Daily maintenance tasks

6.2.1.1 Visual inspection

- · Mains supply lead and its strain relief
- Gas tubes and their switching equipment (solenoid valve)
- Other, general condition

6.2.1.2 Functional test

- Welding current cables (check that they are fitted correctly and secured)
- · Gas cylinder securing elements
- · Operating, message, safety and adjustment devices (Functional test)

6.2.2 Monthly maintenance tasks

6.2.2.1 Visual inspection

- Casing damage (front, rear and side walls)
- Transport elements (strap, lifting lugs, handle)

6.2.2.2 Functional test

 Selector switches, command devices, emergency stop devices, voltage reducing devices, message and control lamps Disposing of equipment



6.2.3 Annual test (inspection and testing during operation)

- The welding machine may only be tested by competent, capable personsl. A capable person is one who, because of his training, knowledge and experience, is able to recognise the dangers that can occur while testing welding power sources as well as possible subsequent damage and who is able to implement the required safety procedures.
- For more information refer to the "Warranty registration" brochure supplied and our information regarding warranty, maintenance and testing at <u>www.ewm-group.com</u>!

A periodic test according to IEC 60974-4 "Periodic inspection and test" has to be carried out. In addition to the regulations on testing given here, the relevant local laws and regulations must also be observed.

6.3 Disposing of equipment

Proper disposal!

The machine contains valuable raw materials, which should be recycled, and electronic components, which must be disposed of.



- Do not dispose of in household waste!
- Observe the local regulations regarding disposal!

6.3.1 Manufacturer's declaration to the end user

According to European provisions (guideline 2002/96/EG of the European Parliament and the Council
of January, 27th 2003), used electric and electronic equipment may no longer be placed in unsorted
municipal waste. It must be collected separately. The symbol depicting a waste container on wheels
indicates that the equipment must be collected separately.

This machine is to be placed for disposal or recycling in the waste separation systems provided for this purpose.

- According to German law (law governing the distribution, taking back and environmentally correct disposal of electric and electronic equipment (ElektroG) from 16.03.2005), used machines are to be placed in a collection system separate from unsorted municipal waste. The public waste management utilities (communities) have created collection points at which used equipment from private households can be disposed of free of charge.
- Information about giving back used equipment or about collections can be obtained from the respective municipal administration office.
- EWM participates in an approved waste disposal and recycling system and is registered in the Used Electrical Equipment Register (EAR) under number WEEE DE 57686922.
- In addition to this, returns are also possible throughout Europe via EWM sales partners.

6.4 Meeting the requirements of RoHS

We, EWM AG Mündersbach, hereby confirm that all products supplied by us which are affected by the RoHS Directive, meet the requirements of the RoHS (Directive 2011/65/EU).



7 Rectifying faults

All products are subject to rigorous production checks and final checks. If, despite this, something fails to work at any time, please check the product using the following flowchart. If none of the fault rectification procedures described leads to the correct functioning of the product, please inform your authorised dealer.

7.1 Checklist for rectifying faults

The correct machine equipment for the material and process gas in use is a fundamental requirement for perfect operation!

Legend	Symbol	Description
	*	Fault/Cause
	*	Remedy

Functional errors

- ✗ Machine control without displaying the signal lights after switching on
 - ℜ Phase failure > check mains connection (fuses)
- ✓ No welding performance
 - ✤ Phase failure > check mains connection (fuses)
- ✓ Various parameters cannot be set
 - Entry level is blocked, disable access lock See 5.13.3 Protecting welding parameters from unauthorised access chapter
- ✗ Connection problems
 - ★ Make control lead connections and check that they are fitted correctly.

No arc ignition

- ✓ Incorrect ignition type setting.
 - Set ignition type changeover switch to the HF ignition setting.

Bad arc ignition

- ✔ Material inclusions in the tungsten electrode due to contact with filler material or workpiece
 - ***** Regrind or replace the tungsten electrode
- ✗ Bad current transfer on ignition
 - ★ Check the setting on the "Tungsten electrode diameter/Ignition optimisation" rotary dial and increase if necessary (higher ignition energy).

Welding torch overheated

- ✗ Loose welding current connections
 - * Tighten power connections on the torch and/or on the workpiece
 - ℜ Tighten contact tip correctly
- ✓ Overload
 - ℜ Check and correct welding current setting
 - ℜ Use a more powerful welding torch

Checklist for rectifying faults



Unstable arc

- Material inclusions in the tungsten electrode due to contact with filler material or workpiece
 Regrind or replace the tungsten electrode
- ✗ Incompatible parameter settings
 - ℜ Check settings and correct if necessary

Pore formation

- ✗ Inadequate or missing gas shielding
 - lpha Check shielding gas setting and replace shielding gas cylinder if necessary
 - Shield welding site with protective screens (draughts affect the welding result)
 - lpha Use gas lens for aluminium applications and high-alloy steels
- ✗ Unsuitable or worn welding torch equipment
 - ℜ Check size of gas nozzle and replace if necessary
- ✗ Condensation (hydrogen) in the gas tube
 - **%** Purge hose package with gas or replace



7.2 Machine faults (error messages)

A welding machine error is indicated by the collective fault signal lamp (A1) lighting up and an error code (see table) being displayed in the machine control display. In the event of a machine error, the power unit shuts down.

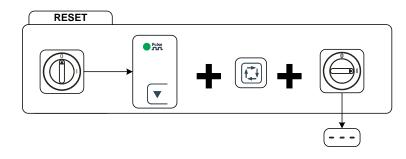
Error message	Possible cause	Remedy
E1	Water fault Only occurs if a water cooling unit is connected.	Ensure that sufficient water pressure can be built up. (e.g. top up water)
E2	Temperature error	Allow machine to cool down.
E3	Electronics error	Switch machine off and on again. If the fault persists, inform the service department.
E4	see "E3"	see "E3"
E5	see "E3"	see "E3"
E6	Balancing error in voltage recording.	Switch machine off, place the torch on an insulated surface and switch on again. If the fault persists, inform the service department.
E7	Balancing error in current recording.	Switch machine off, place the torch on an insulated surface and switch on again. If the fault persists, inform the service department.
E8	Error in one of the electronics supply voltages or excess temperature of the welding transformer.	Allow machine to cool down. If the error message persists, switch the machine off and back on again. If the fault persists, inform the service department.
E9	Low voltage	Switch off the machine and check the mains voltage.
E10	Secondary overvoltage	Switch machine off and on again. If the fault persists, inform the service department.
E11	Overvoltage	Switch off the machine and check the mains voltage.
E12	VRD (open circuit voltage reduction error)	Inform Service

• Document machine errors and inform service staff as necessary.



7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings

All customised welding parameters that are stored will be replaced by the factory settings.





Display Setting/selection

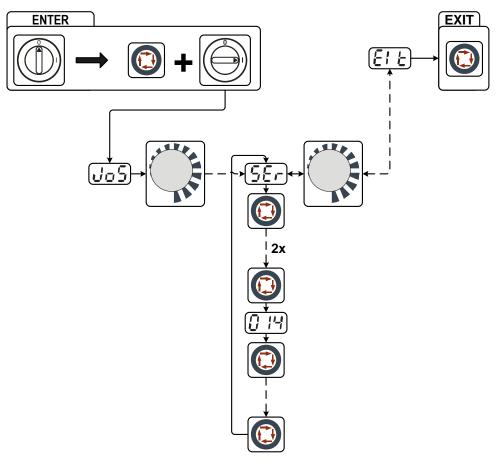


Input confirmation User entries are applied, release button(s).



7.4 Display machine control software version

The query of the software versions only serves to inform the authorised service staff. It is available in the machine configuration menu.





Display	Setting/selection
	Lock JOB menu
	Protect welding parameters from unauthorised access.
SEr	Service menu
	Service settings
	Exit the menu
	Exit
	Software version of the machine control
	Version display (example 014 = version 14)

Picotig 200 AC/DC



8 Technical data

Performance specifications and guarantee only in connection with original spare and replacement parts!

8.1 Picotig 200 AC/DC

Setting range	TIG	ММА
Welding current		
DC	3 A–200 A	5 A–140 A
AC	5 A–200 A	-
Welding voltage	10.1 V–18.0 V	20.2 V–25.6 V
Duty cycle (DC) at 25 °C		1
50% DC	-	140 A
60% DC	190 A	130 A
100% DC	150 A	110 A
Duty cycle (DC) at 40 °C		
35% DC	200 A	-
50% DC	-	140 A
60% DC	150 A	130 A
100% DC	120 A	110 A
Load cycle	10 min. (60% DC ≙ 6 min	. welding, 4 min. pause)
Open circuit voltage (DC)	43 V	
Mains voltage (tolerances)	1 x 230 V (-40% to +15%)	
Frequency	50/60 Hz	
Mains fuse	1 x 16 A (safety fuse, slow-blow)	
Mains connection lead	H07RN-F3G2,5	
Max. connected load	6.0 k	(VA
Recommended generator rating	8.1 k	(VA
cosφ/efficiency	0.99/8	85%
Insulation class/protection classification	F/IP	23
Ambient temperature	-25 °C to	+40 °C
Machine cooling	Fa	n
Torch cooling	Ga	IS
Workpiece lead	35 mm ²	
Dimensions L x W x H	600 x 205 x 415 mm	
Weight	16,5 kg	
EMC class	A	
Constructed to standard	IEC 60974	-1, -3, -10
	S /	CE



9 Accessories

Performance-dependent accessories like torches, workpiece leads, electrode holders or intermediate hose packages are available from your authorised dealer.

9.1 Remote controls and accessories

Туре	Designation	Item no.
RT1 19POL	Remote control current	090-008097-00000
RTG1 19POL	Remote control, current	090-008106-00000
RTF1 19POL 5 M	Foot-operated remote control current with connection cable	094-006680-00000
RTP1 19POL	Remote control spot welding / pulses	090-008098-00000
RTP2 19POL	Remote control spot welding / pulses	090-008099-00000
RTP3 spotArc 19POL	spotArc remote control for spot welding / pulses	090-008211-00000

9.1.1 Connection cables

Туре	Designation	ltem no.
RA5 19POL 5M	Remote control e.g. connection cable	092-001470-00005
RA10 19POL 10M	Remote control e.g. connection cable	092-001470-00010
RA20 19POL 20M	Remote control e.g. connection cable	092-001470-00020

9.1.2 Extension cable

	Туре	Designation	Item no.
	RV5M19 19POLE 5M	Extension cable	092-000857-00000
	RV5M19 19POL 10M	Extension cable	092-000857-00010
	RV5M19 19POL 15M	Extension cable	092-000857-00015
	RV5M19 19POL 20M	Extension cable	092-000857-00020

9.2 Options

Туре	Designation	Item no.
ON 12pol Retox TIG 190/230	Optional retrofit 12-pole connection socket, torch	092-002519-00000
ON Filter TIG 200/300-2	Retrofit option, dirt filter for air inlet	092-002551-00000

9.3 General accessories

Туре	Designation	Item no.
ADAP CEE16/SCHUKO	Earth contact coupling/CEE16A plug	092-000812-00000
Mod. 842 Ar/CO2 230bar 30I	Pressure regulator with manometer	394-002910-00030
GH 2X1/4" 2M	Gas hose	094-000010-00001
ADAP 8-5 POL	8 to 5-pole adapter	092-000940-00000



10 Appendix A10.1 Overview of EWM branches

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